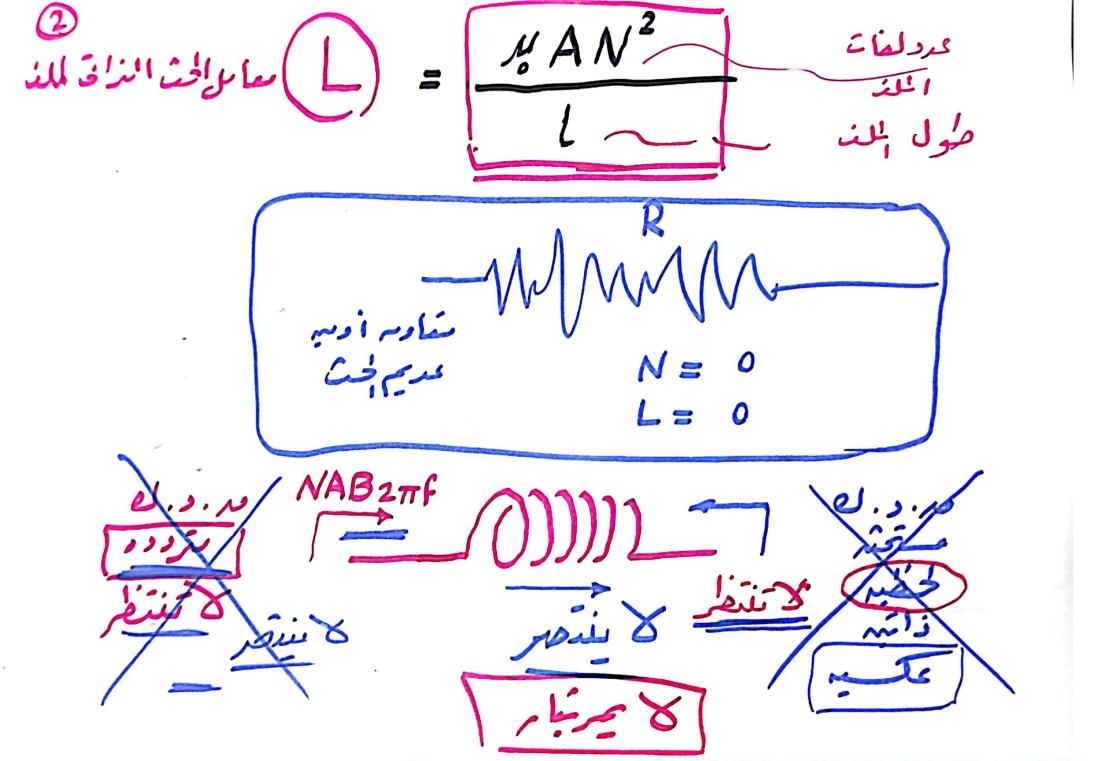
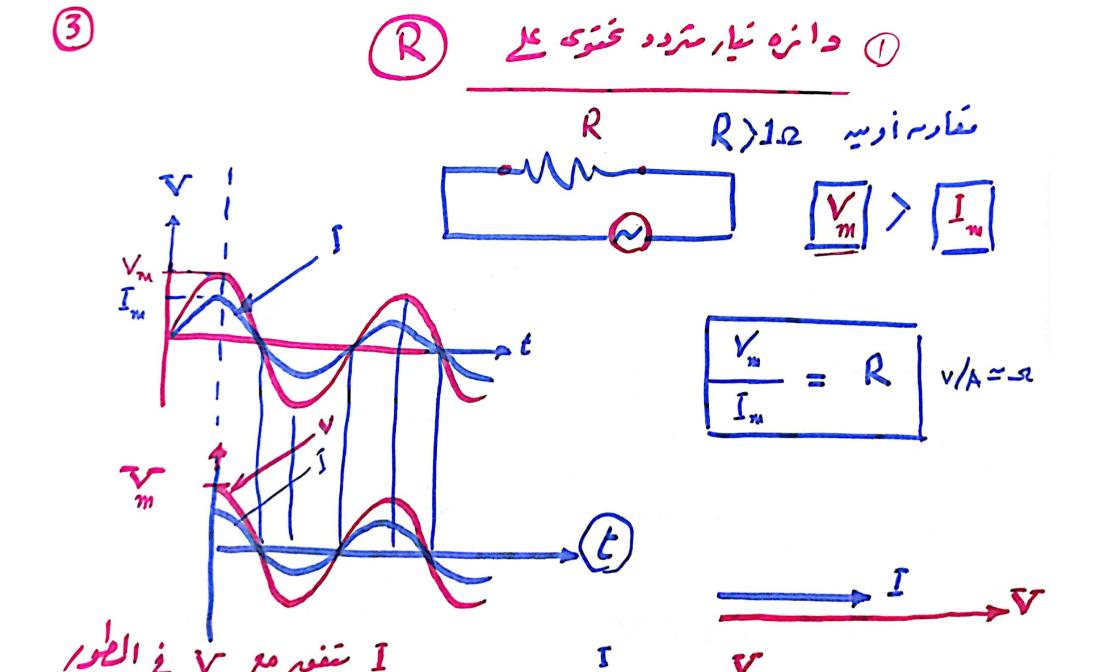
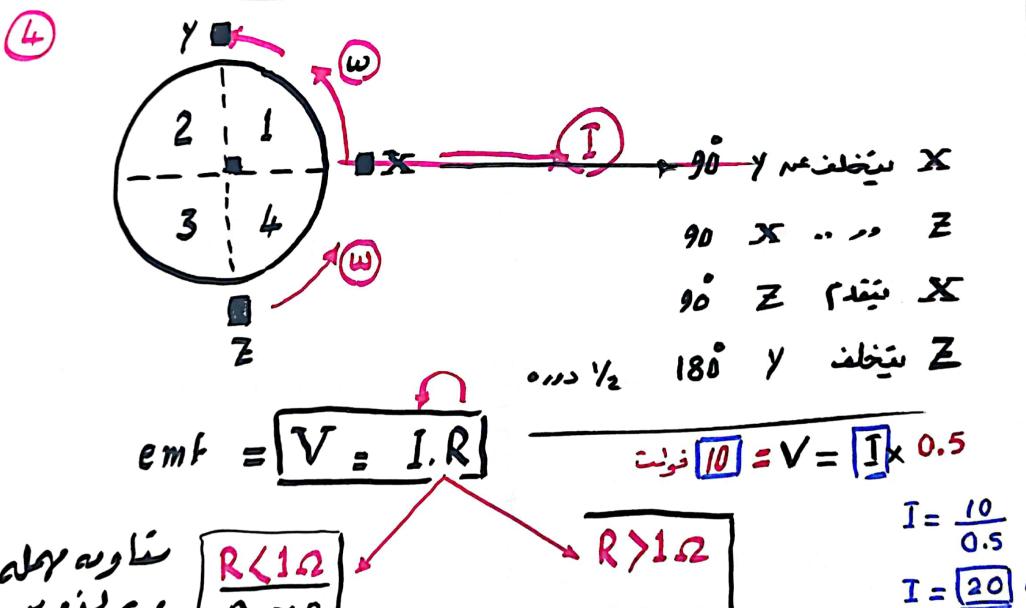


الفصل الرابع ادوائر التيار المتردد

R عديمه اكحث L عديم اكارمب ك مدمر بياد سم والحث RL RC RLC





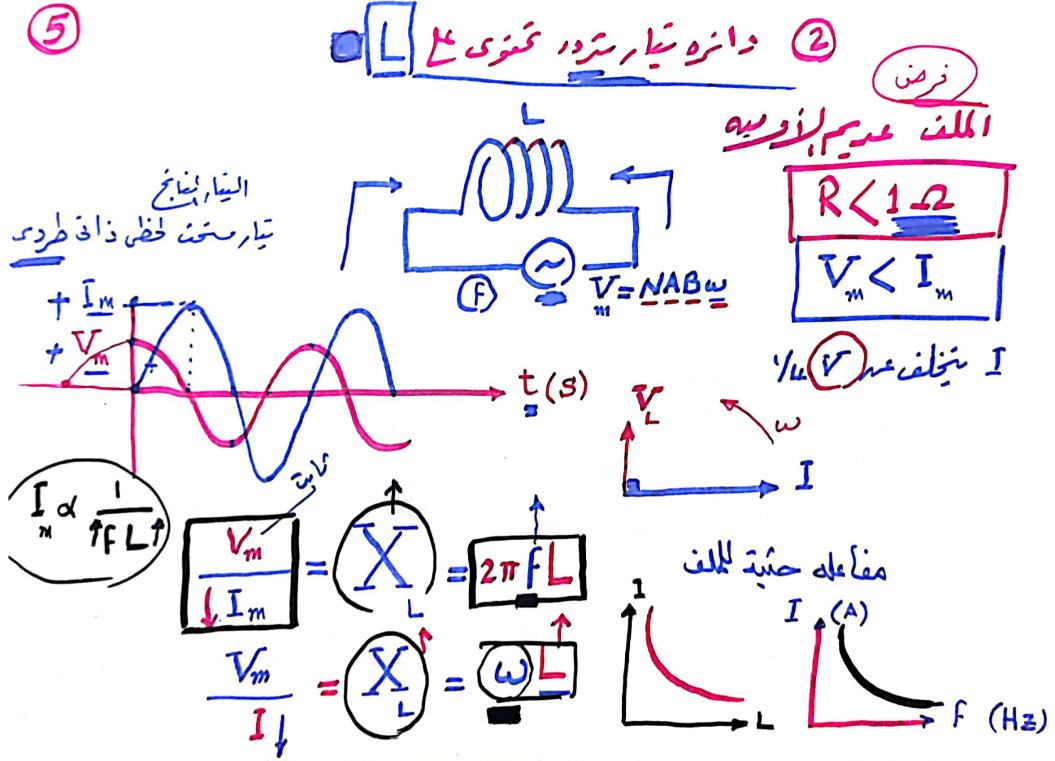


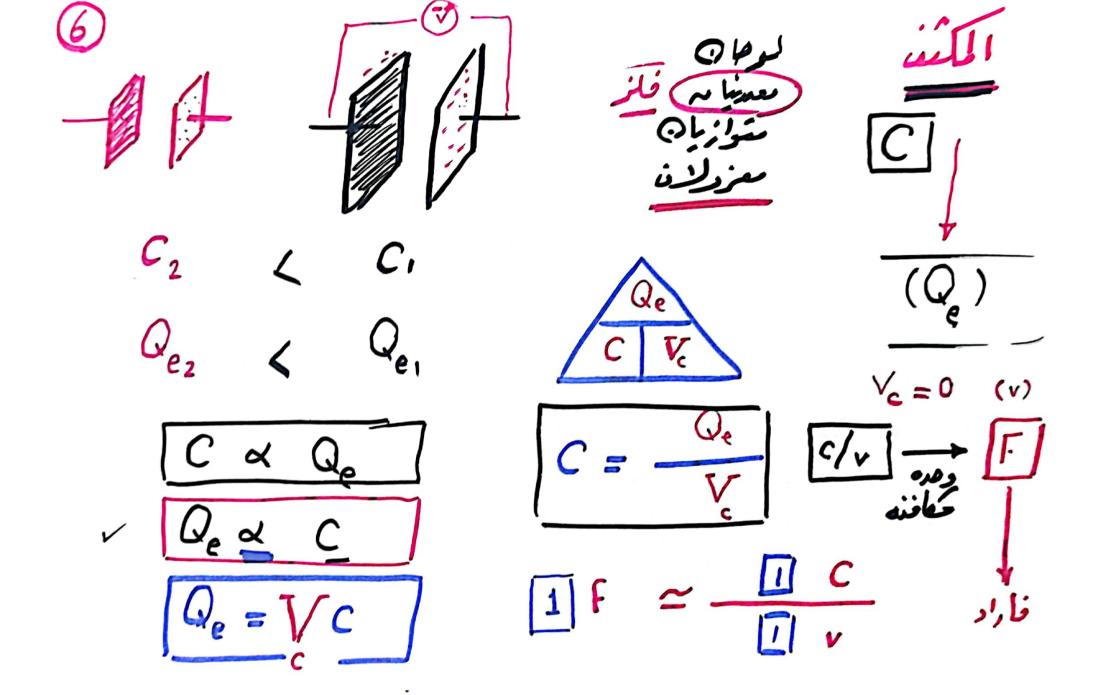
$$\frac{R\langle 1\Omega}{R \simeq 0}$$

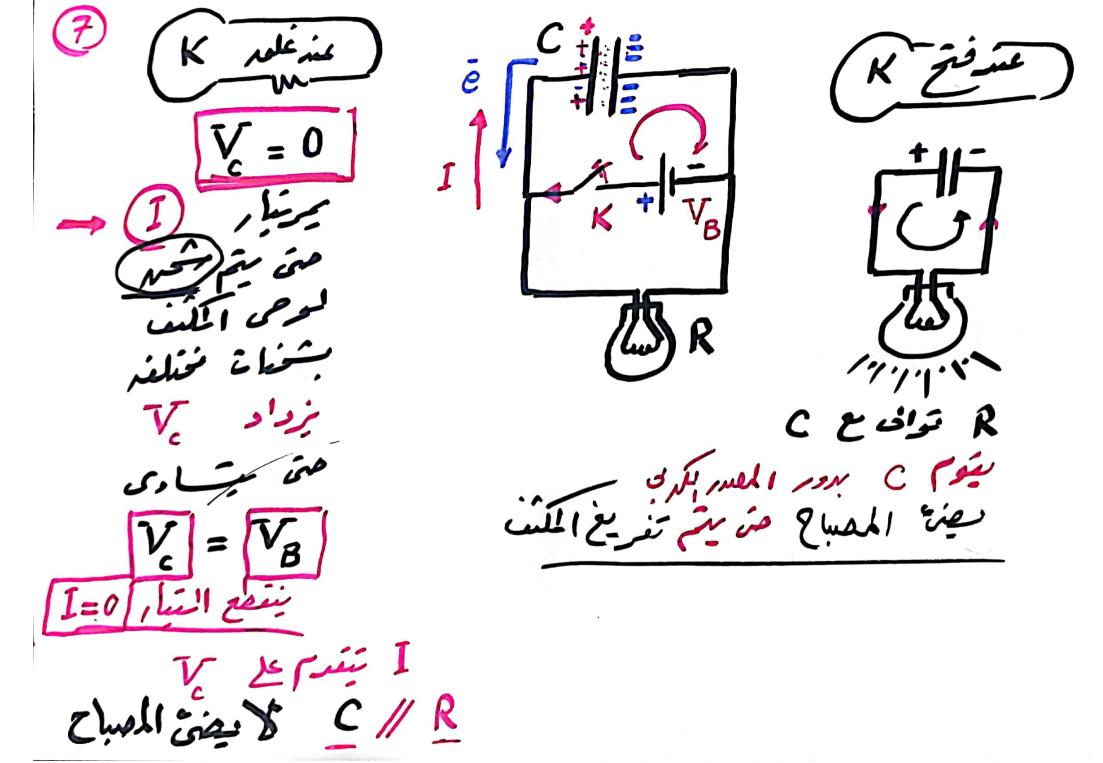
$$V \langle I$$

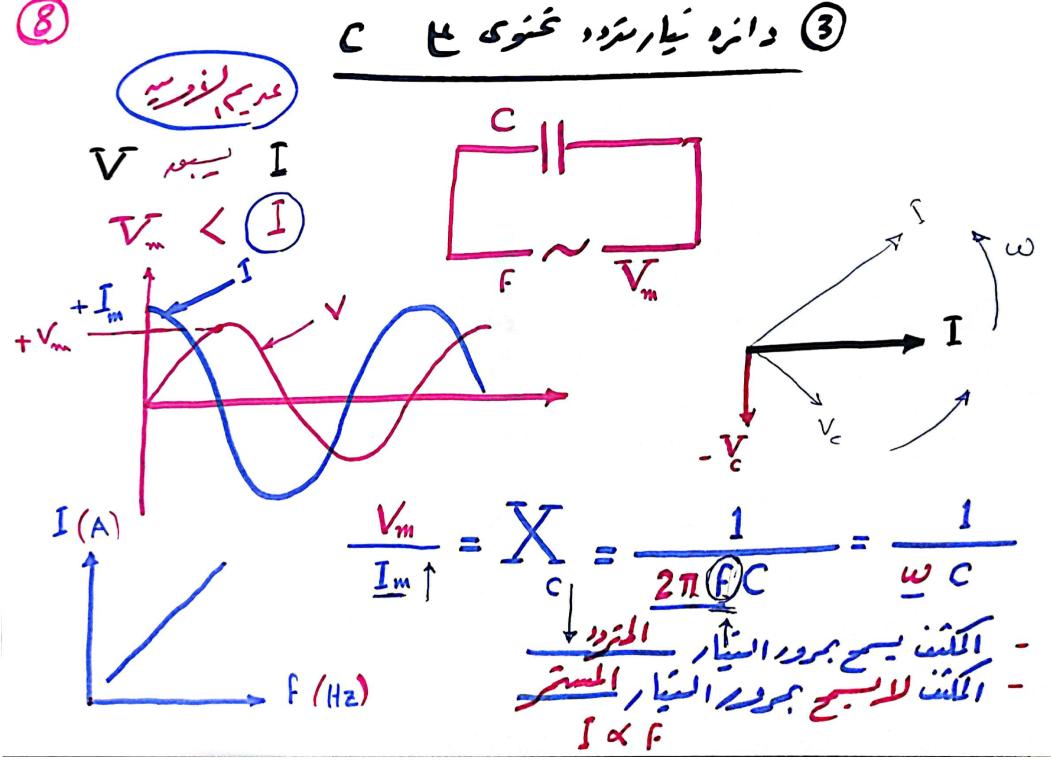
$$I = \frac{70}{0.5}$$

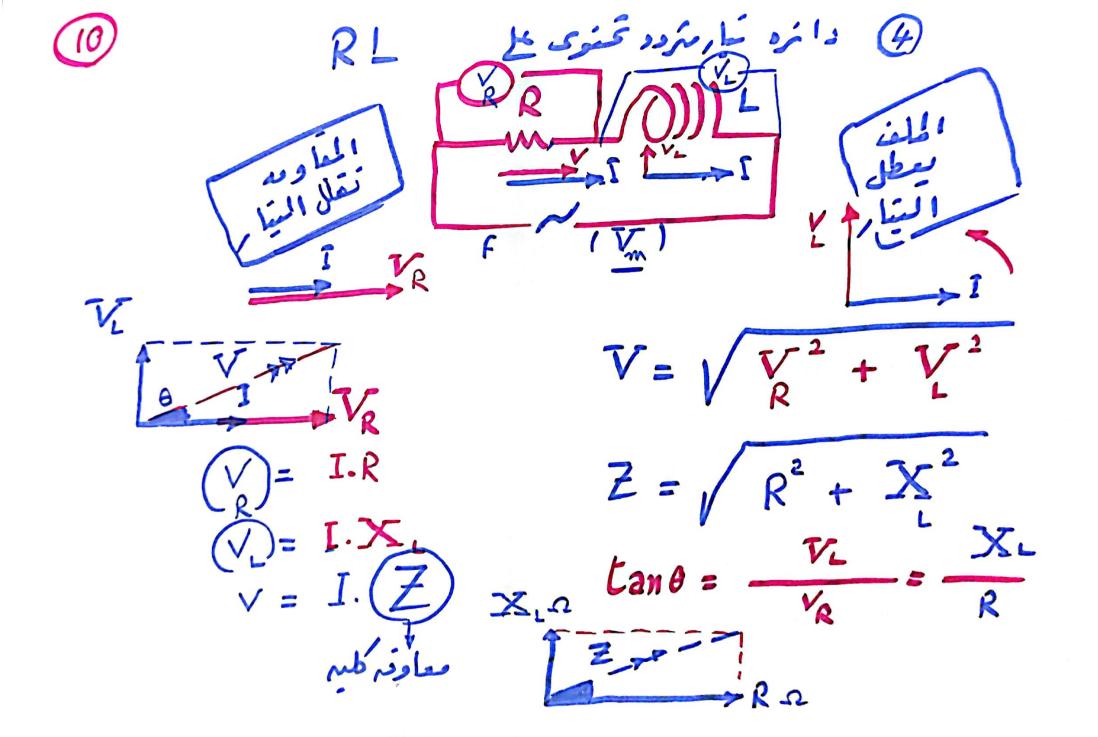
$$I = \boxed{20}$$







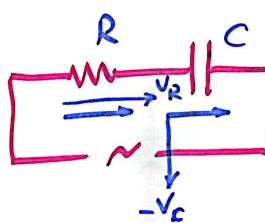




RC

دانزه خارمزید نخنوی عل

(3)



$$V = \sqrt{\frac{V^2 + V^2}{R^2}}$$

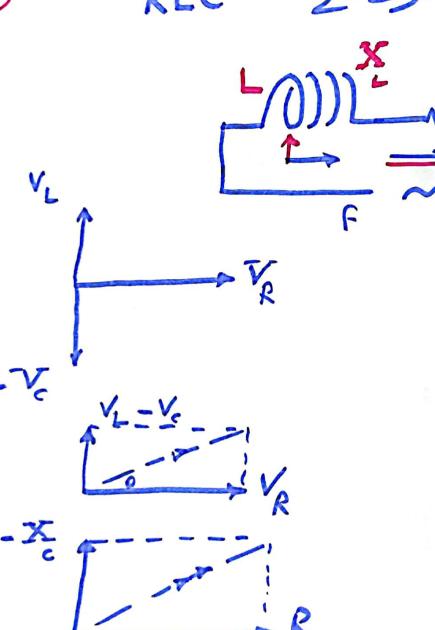
$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_c^2}$$

$$tan\theta = \frac{-Vc}{V_R}$$

$$tan\theta = \frac{-xc}{R}$$

RLC

ک دانره نیار مزدد تختوی علے



$$V = \sqrt{\frac{V^2 + \left[V_L - V_c\right]^2}{R^2 + \left[X_L - X_c\right]^2}}$$

$$Z = \sqrt{\frac{R^2 + \left[X_L - X_c\right]^2}{V_L - V_c}}$$

$$ton \theta = \frac{V_L - V_c}{V_R}$$

$$ton \theta = \frac{X_L - X_c}{R}$$

$$\frac{1}{I_{\text{max}}} = \frac{Z}{|x|} = R = \sqrt{R^2 + \left[\frac{X}{X} - \frac{X}{C}\right]^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi f C} = 2\pi f L$$

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$$

$$\frac{f_1}{f_2} = \sqrt{\frac{L_2 C_2}{L_1 C_1}}$$

$$\frac{1}{f_2} = \sqrt{\frac{L_2 C_2}{L_1 C_1}}$$

$$\frac{1}{f_2} = \sqrt{\frac{L_2 C_2}{L_1 C_1}}$$

